## Giant knotweed

Scan for more information



## **Species Description**

Scientific name: Fallopia sachalinensis

AKA: Polygonum sachalinensis, Reynoutria

sachalinensis
Native to: Japan

**Habitat**: River banks, roadsides, railway banks, waste ground and disturbed areas. Thrives in damp soil

Giant knotweed is a herbaceous perennial usually 2-3m in height (can grow to 5m), occasionally growing in dense thickets but it less aggressive than Japanese knotweed. Stems are bamboo like, straight, with regular nodes and have purple-red flecks.

Leaves are oval to oblong-shaped with a cordate (heart-shaped) base. They are up to 40cm long and are green, or yellow in the autumn. Underside is scattered with long wavy hairs. Leaf stalk 1-4cm. Tiny greenish-white flowers occur in grape-like clusters. Orange rhizome (roots) are generally knotty and have leathery outer layer (appearing like ginger).

Spreads vegetatively from small pieces of the plant, commonly through the movement of contaminated soil containing rhizome fragments.

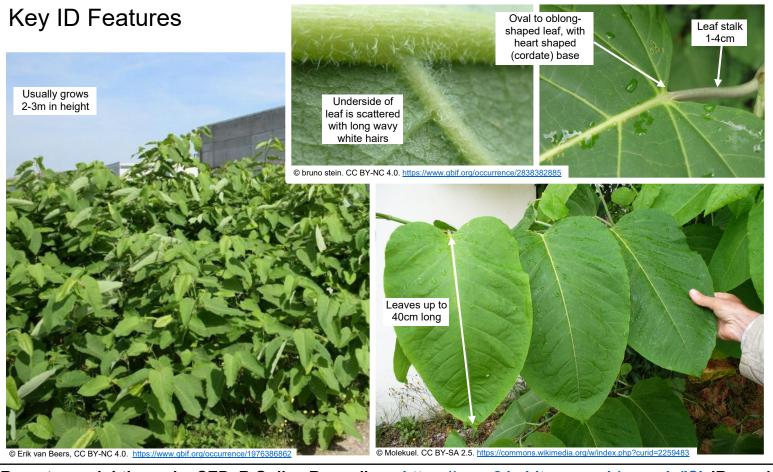
Where established, giant knotweed forms dense colonies shading out and displacing native species. It can also impede water flow by obstructing streams and rivers.

Giant knotweed is listed on Schedule 9 of The Wildlife (Northern Ireland) Order 1985 and as such, it is an offence to plant or otherwise allow this species to grow in the wild.



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Report any sightings via; CEDaR Online Recording - <a href="https://www2.habitas.org.uk/records/ISI">https://www2.habitas.org.uk/records/ISI</a>, iRecord app or Invasive Species Northern Ireland website - <a href="http://invasivespeciesni.co.uk/report-sighting">http://invasivespeciesni.co.uk/report-sighting</a>



Himalayan knotweed

Invasive non-native

(Fallopia sachalinensis)

Leaves 8-20cm long and 3-8cm wide

Different shaped leaves compared to giant

knotweed. Tapering to

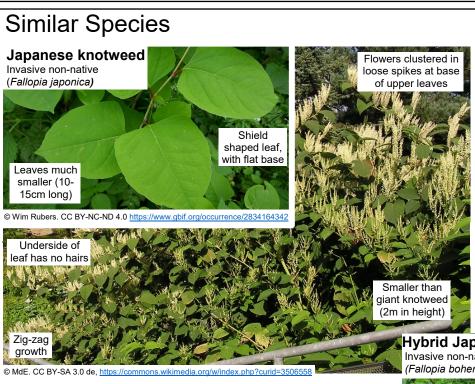
a long point and

tapering to base

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New growth forms from pink-red buds at the crown. Small red shoots, turn green (asparagus-like) and become more like bamboo. Tall and lush green in summer. Yellow leaves in the autumn and begins to die back leaving brown brittle stems in the winter.



Does not always

produce flowers but

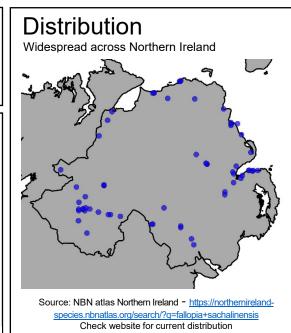
most likely to occur August – September

> Tepals 2.5mm at flowering

> > Lower leaves cordate

(heart shaped) to truncate base

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Usually



grows 2.5r in height Flowers are greenish white

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## References and further reading:

- Booy, O., Wade, M. and Roy, H. 2015. Field Guide to Invasive Plants and Animals in Britain. Bloomsbury. London.
- CABI Persicaria wallichii (Himalayan knotweed) data sheet https://www.cabi.org/isc/datasheet/120210

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Red veins



